

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS **EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS** DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

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BUREAU OF RESOURCE PROTECTION DIVISION OF WATER SUPPLY (DEP/BRP/DWS) POLICY 87-04

Procedures for use of EPA's Proposed Maximum Contaminant Levels (PMCLS) (YEAR 2000 PRINTING)

Effective Date: 10-18-96 Program Applicability:

Supersedes Policy SOP or Guidance #: Approved by: Arleen O'Donnell

Policy, SOP or Guideline #87-04

BACKGROUND AND RATIONALE

This procedure was developed by the Division of Water Supply with the aid of the Office of Research and Standards (ORS) and Wall Experiment Station (WES) to give the DWS staff a uniform set of guidelines for dealing with water supply contaminants with concentrations which exceed an EPA proposed maximum contaminant level (PMCLs). This procedure will be used until the PMCL(s) becomes and MCL(s) regulated by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

POLICY

Scenario 1

If any water supply source exceeds one or more PMCL(s) a second sample should be taken immediately from the same location and sent to a Massachusetts or EPA certified laboratory for a confirmation analysis. If the results of this confirmation sample validate the first sample, or the arithmetic mean of the two samples exceeds the PMCL then the regional staff must:

- 1. Contact the DWS Director/Deputy Director/WQA program manager and immediately consult with ORS to determine whether an immediate public health threat or an unacceptable risk exists thereby requiring shut down or other remedial action. (A DEP team of WS Regional, WS Boston, and ORS will decide on the actions to be taken when necessary., and WES maybe included in this
- 2. Inform the Regional Bureau of Waste Site Cleanup (BWSC), site discovery for possible action under Chapter 21E.
- 3. Inform the water supplier of the results by telephone within 2 days of results confirmation, and by letter within 10 days of results confirmation. And request a meeting to discuss the situation. (Sample letter A enclosed).

Upon meeting the water supplier, DEP staff will:

- a) Advise the water supplier to utilize only uncontaminated supplies when possible-even when nonthreshold contaminants are present at levels below PMCL(s) the use of alternative existing uncontaminated supplies should be encouraged.
- b) Explain the adverse health effects associated with the contaminants.
- c) Explain the EPA process for adopting the PMCLs as MCLs. (The system will be required to reduce the level within two years following the adoption of the MCL.
- d) Offer technical assistance to the water supplier to help them develop a plan of action.

The goal of the meeting is to encourage the system to start a plan of action that should include one or more of the following alternatives:

- Taking the contaminated source out of service, (this is the best solution).
- Treatment to reduce the concentration below the PMCLs (a schedule of the necessary steps should be drafted).
- Adding water from an uncontaminated supply to the contaminated supply so that the
 concentration to the affected distribution system will be reduced below the PMCL and
 continuously monitored for proof of effectiveness.

The plan should also include the following:

- Monitoring and reporting of results of (suggest monthly)
- An investigative survey to locate the source(s) of contamination. (Report findings to BWSC)
- An emergency contingency plan which could be implemented if the contaminant(s) exceed a critical level (as determined by DEP). This plan should include a public notification and education plan.
- e) Ask the system to sample <u>all applicable</u> sources for the DEP specified suite of contaminants a associated with the contaminant(s) detected (e.g. VOCs).
- f) Inform the system of DEP and other State and/or Federal grant or loan programs that could be used.

Scenario II

<u>If a public water supply detects a contaminant that has a PMCL but the levels do not exceed the PMCL</u> ORS should be notified monthly. ORS will be given a contaminant printout from WQTS for this notification. Therefore it will not be necessary for each region to submit this information to Boston.

If a public water supply detects more than one contaminant with PMCLs but the levels do not exceed the PMCL the DWS will ask ORS to evaluate the data.

- 1. If ORS determines the use of the water poses an unacceptable health hazard to the consumer, scenario 1 procedures should be implemented.
- 2. If ORS determines that the risk posed to the consumer is allowable, the DWS shall inform the water supplier of the EPA's PMCLs (Sample Letter B) and suggest that in the best interest of public health the system do the following:
- a) Find, develop and utilize an uncontaminated source whenever possible.
- b) Resample all applicable sources in the system for the DEP specified suite of contaminants associated with the contaminant(s) detected (e.g. VOCs) Send the samples to a Massachusetts or EPA certified laboratory to be analyzed and send copies of the results to the Regional and Boston offices.

- Establish a special monitoring schedule. Analyze all samples at a Massachusetts or EPA certified laboratory. Send copies of the reports to Boston and the Region.
- d) Institute an investigative survey program to identify and locate the source(s) of contamination and develop a plan to actively pursue their resolution.
- e) Develop and institute a contingency plan which could be immediately activated should the PMCL be exceeded. This plan shall include a public notification and education plan.

Scenario III

<u>If during a new source approval a PMCL is exceeded</u> and the exceedance is verified, the source should not be approved.

If during a new source approval the new source analysis detects a contaminant that has a PMCL but the levels do not exceed a PMCL the DWS will ask ORS to evaluate the Data.

- 1. If ORS determines the use of the water poses an unacceptable health hazard to the consumer, the system should not be given approval.
- 2. If ORS determines that the risk posed to the consumer is allowable, the DWS shall inform the water supplier of the EPA's PMCLs and suggest that the system in the best interest of public health, do the following:
- Resample all the applicable sources in their systems for the DFP specified suite of
 contaminants associated with the contaminant(s) detected (e.g. VOCs). Send the samples to a
 Massachusetts or EPA certified laboratory to be analyzed and send copies of the results to the
 Regional and Boston offices.
- Institute an investigative survey program to locate the source(s) of contamination and develop a plan to actively pursue their resolution.
- Look for an alternative source, if no other reasonable alternative is available the source can be approved with the following provisions:
- i) Treatment
- ii) Establish a special monthly routine monitoring schedule. Analyze all samples at a Massachusetts or EPA certified laboratory. Send copies of the reports to Boston and the Regional offices.
- iii) A contingency plan which could be immediately activated should the PMCL be exceeded. This plan should include a public notification and education plan.

Please note that each case will be reviewed on its own merit by the team of WS Regional/WS Boston and ORS.

Date: 10-8-96 Adopted: 10-8-96 Effective Date: 10-8-96

Arleen O'Donnell, Assistant Commissioner

Bureau of Resource Protection

SAMPLE LETTER A

Town:

			PWS Name: PWS ID #:				
Dear:							
The Division of Water Supply has received and reviewed the analytical results of samples collected from each of your water sources listed below. The results are were as follows:							
Source ID #	Contaminant <u>Name</u>	Concentration mg/1	EPA PMCL (mg/1)	Date Sampled			
the compound(s	s) found in your source A's PMCLs but are of	taminant levels (PMCLs) for (s). The concentrations of the concern. Therefore, in the following actions are quickly	he contaminants found interest of preserving t	l in your system are			
• Within 30 attachment		bove sources for the suite of Massachusetts or EPA cer					
 Establish a 	monitoring schedule for		(s) of contamination ar	nd develop a plan to			
actively puDevelop ar	rsue their resolution. nd institute a contingend	cy plan which could be imn a public notification/educa	nediately activated sho				
Please contact y	your Water Supply Chic	ef, at	if you hav	e any questions.			
		Ve	ry truly yours,				
		Re	gional Environmental	Engineer			
Attachment cc: Town Offic Local Boar	cial d of Health						

Boston/DWS Regional Bureau of Waste Site Cleanup/Site Discovery

SAMPLE LETTER B

		Town:				
			PWS Name:			
				PWS ID #		
Dear:						
	f Water Supply has rece er sources listed below.			of samples collecte	ed from	
	Contaminant	Concentration	EPA	Date		
Source ID #	<u>Name</u>	<u>mg/1</u>	PMCL/mg/1	Sampled		
the above noted over the EPA's (MCLs). There	roposed maximum cont d compound(s) found in PMCL. The EPA's PN efore it is extremely imp, at your ear	your source(s). The condCLs are on schedule to contact that you contact	oncentration(s) for o become maximes, y range a meeting t	ound in your source um contaminant lev our Water Safety S	(s) are vels ection	
				 nal Environmental I		
Attachment						
cc: Town Offic	cial					
	rd of Health					
Boston/DW	/S					

Regional Bureau of Waste Site Cleanup/Site Discovery